

United States Patent and Trademark Office



| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO |
|---|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 09/890,807 | 01/03/2002 | Michael J. FAWCETT | H053310.0000US | 6737 |
| 7590 10/29/2003 | | | EXAMINER | |
| John F Luman III | | | GILMAN, ALEXANDER | |
| Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld 711 Louisiana Suite 1900 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| Houston, TX 77002 | | | 2833 | |
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DATE MAILED: 10/29/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | | ile | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | | 09/890,807 | FAWCETT ET AL. | | | | |
| | | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | | Alexander Gilman | 2833 | | | | |
| Period fo | - The MAILING DATE of this communication a r Reply | ppears on the cover sheet | with the correspond nc address | | | | |
| THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re | DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri- e to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat- ply received by the Office later than three months after the mail dipatent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may reply within the statutory minimum of the dwill apply and will expire SIX (6) Mount to become | a reply be timely filed nirty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| 1)🖂 | Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1 | 1 August 2003 . | | | | | |
| 2a)□ | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ | This action is non-final. | | | | | |
| 3)□ Disposition | Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und on of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4)🖂 | Claim(s) <u>1-9,11 and 12</u> is/are pending in the | e application. | | | | | |
| | a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd | rawn from consideration. | | | | | |
| 5)□ | Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ | Claim(s) <u>1-9,11,12</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) | | | | | | | |
| · | Claim(s) are subject to restriction and | d/or election requirement. | | | | | |
| | on Papers | · | | | | | |
| 9) 🔲 7 | he specification is objected to by the Exami | ner. | | | | | |
| 10) 🔲 7 | he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ ac | cepted or b) objected to by | the Examiner. | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | |
| 11) 🔲 🏻 | he proposed drawing correction filed on | is: a) approved b) | disapproved by the Examiner. | | | | |
| If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. | | | | | | | |
| 12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | |
| Priority u | nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 | | | | | | |
| 13) 🗌 | Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore | ign priority under 35 U.S.C | s. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). | | | | |
| a)[| ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: | | | | | | |
| | 1. Certified copies of the priority docume | ents have been received. | | | | | |
| 1 | 2. Certified copies of the priority docume | ents have been received in | Application No | | | | |
| | 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International ee the attached detailed Office action for a I | Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)) | j. | | | | |
| | cknowledgment is made of a claim for dome | · | | | | | |
| a) | ☐ The translation of the foreign language cknowledgment is made of a claim for dome | provisional application has | been received. | | | | |
| Attachment | • | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s | 5) Notice | w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) | | | | |

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 04-01)

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-9, 11, 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1, lines 16, 17, recites "means ... for locking the contact holder to said contact of the other connector elements ".

According to the specification the contact holder (30) locked not to the contact (15) but to the contact holder (4).

It is also unclear if the "means ... for locking the contact holder" is the same as "means for ensuring" (lines 8 and 10) or they are related to different mechanism. For purposes of examination it was assumed that these means are related to the same mechanism.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bac.

Bac (US 3,360,764) discloses a connector comprising (Fig. 1-3):

first (A) and second (B) connector elements,

the first connector element (A) supports a first contact (13),

a displaceable (in a casing 3) contact holder (15, 21), carrying second (25) and third (26) contacts, wherein

on interengagement the contact holder is displaced from first (Fig. 1) to second (Fig. 2) position after the third contact (26) is interconnected with a contact (36) of the other connector element (col. 6, lines 23-42);

on disengagement the first and second contacts separate before the third contact is separated (col. 6, lines 49-59);

the first contacts and second contacts, when separated, are located within a chamber (Fig. 1),

means for ensuring and locking the contact holder to the other contact element (137, 128, 116, 140, 161; see also col. 7, lines 12-20).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4, 6-8, and 11, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bac.

With regard to claim 2, Bac discloses all of the limitations except for both connector elements having the contact holder for interconnection the first, second and third contacts.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide both connector elements having the contact holder for interconnection the first, second and third contacts, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 193 USPQ 8.

With regard to claims 3, 4, 11, and 12, Bac discloses the structural features which can be used to prevent the holder being blown out of the associated connector element - pin (19) on the contact holder and a slot (20) in the body of connector element.

To locate the pin and the slot in reversed order (as claimed) and provide the slot with the closed end (to prevent removing the holder from the connector element) would have been an obvious matter of design absent any criticality and since the function performed by the elements is the same.

With regard to claims 6-9, Bac discloses all of the limitations except for the locking means applied to the connector element (A) with the first, second, and third contacts.

Bac discloses (Fig. 3) the locking means applied to the connector element (B):

the connector balls (140) between the connector element (105) and the contact holder (128, 131) (claim 6);

means for locking including balls (140) and a spring-biased slider (155) (claims 7-9).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the connector element A with the locking means, since it has been held that rearranging parts of an invention involves only routine skill in the art. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/02/2002 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. With regard to claim 1, Applicant argues that the prior art (Bac) fails to disclose that the first and second contacts becoming interconnected after the third contact is connected to a contact of another connector.

Also, Applicant argues that disconnection in Bac will not be in claimed order.

As it was shown in the Office rejections, Bac discloses (col. 6, lines 23-42) the claimed order of connection. According to Bac, the third contact (26) is engaged with the contact (36) of another connector (B) when collar (40) touches the wall (2). Movement of the block (21) with the embedded contacts (26) toward the first contact (13) can start only when the portion (29) will strike against collar

Art Unit: 2833

(16). The subsequent movement of the block (21) with the third contact (26) and the contact (36) already engaged will lead to engagement of the first contact (13) with the second contact (25).

Analogously, Bac (col. 6, lines 49-59) discloses the reversed order of disengagement -- the first and second contacts separate before the third contact is separated.

The respective structural features (means) are provided (Fig. 3). The locking balls (140 and 161) ensure that block (121) of Bac will connect block (111) and block (131) in the order claimed. (Col. 12-31 engagement; Col. 8, lines 33-45).

Hence, the rejection deems to be proper.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Gilman whose telephone number is (703) 305-0847. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10:30 a.m. - 8:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paula A. Bradley can be reached on (703) 308-2319. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4900.

10/28/2003

alex Gilman